TOTAL 2011 and WinTOTAL Aurora

Field-by-field UAD guidance

This is the information provided by the GSEs for each of the UAD-impacted fields.

You can get to this guide at any time by clicking the question mark in WinTOTAL and TOTAL 2011 once you've gotten to a UAD impacted field. That's going to be the best source for the most up-to-the-minute instruction, but feel free to print this to use as a desk reference.

Accessing this guidance from within Aurora:

Accessing this guidance from within TOTAL 2011:

Once you get to into a UAD field, click on this icon in the lower right corner of your screen. You'll get the instructions for that area. There's also a snippet of guidance next to the question mark.
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Field-Specific Standardization Requirements

UAD Version 9/2011

**Property Address, City, State, ZIP Code**

The appraiser must enter addresses that conform to the United States Postal Service (USPS) address standards in Publication 28 – Postal Addressing Standards (pub28) for complete addresses. Address standards can be found at USPS.gov. The subject and comparable addresses must be populated consistently throughout the form.

The following address elements must be included in these fields:

- Street number
- Street name (including pre-directional indicator, suffix, post-directional indicator, and unit number when applicable)
- City
- USPS two-letter state or territory representation
- 5-digit ZIP Code or ZIP+4 code (either with or without the dash)

**Reporting Format:**
Property Address – Text
City – Text
State – 2-letter USPS abbreviation
ZIP Code – 5-digit ZIP Code or ZIP+4 code (either with or without the dash)

**Unit #**

The appraiser must enter the address unit number/designator.

**Reporting Format:**
Unit # – Text

**County**

The appraiser should enter the name of the county in which the subject property is located. If the subject property is not located in any county (e.g., the subject property is located in an independent city), enter the name of the local municipality or district in which the property is located.

**Reporting Format:**
County – Text
Assessor’s Parcel #

The appraiser should enter any available assessor’s parcel number(s) that would further identify the subject parcel/property. The parcel number(s) should be in the same format used by the taxing agency, including all spaces and dashes as applicable. If no parcel number is available, enter ‘None’.

Reporting Format:
Assessor’s Parcel Number – Text
The appraiser should separate multiple parcel numbers with a semicolon.

Tax Year, Real Estate Taxes $

The appraiser should enter the tax year. If the tax year spans two calendar years, the appraiser should enter the first year only.
The appraiser should report the amount of taxes payable on the subject property, expressed as an annual or annualized amount. If real estate taxes are payable to more than one entity, the appraiser should enter the annualized sum of all real estate taxes (not including special assessments). Additional information about tax year(s) or tax amount(s) may be provided elsewhere in the appraisal report.

Reporting Format:
Tax Year – 4 digit year, yyyy
Real Estate Taxes – Currency, whole dollars only

Neighborhood Name

The appraiser should enter a neighborhood name. It may be a name recognized by the municipality in which the property is sited, such as a subdivision name. If there is not a neighborhood name recognized by the municipality, enter the common name by which residents refer to the location.

Reporting Format:
Neighborhood Name – Text

Project Name

The appraiser must enter the legal name of the project for the subject property and each comparable property.

Reporting Format:
Project Name – Text

Occupant
The appraiser must indicate whether the subject property is occupied by the owner or a tenant, or is vacant as of the effective date of the appraisal. Only one selection is permitted. For properties that are comprised of one unit with an accessory unit, the selection must reflect the occupancy status of the main unit. Additional information regarding the occupancy of any accessory unit may be provided elsewhere in the appraisal report.

**Reporting Format:**
Occupant – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

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### Special Assessments $

The appraiser should enter any special assessment applicable to the subject property. It must be expressed as an annual or annualized amount. If there is more than one special assessment, enter the annualized sum of all special assessments. If there are no special assessments applicable to the subject property, enter the numeral zero (0). Additional information about special assessments may be provided elsewhere in the appraisal report.

**Reporting Format:**
Special Assessments $ – Currency, whole dollars only

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### PUD (Indicator)

The appraiser must indicate if the property is located in a Planned Unit Development (PUD). If the checkbox is indicated, the appraiser must select ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ in response to the question, “Is the developer/builder in control of the Homeowners‘ Association (HOA)?” located in the PUD Information section.

**Reporting Format:**
PUD (Indicator) – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

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### HOA $, Per Year, Per Month

The appraiser must enter all applicable homeowners‘ association (HOA) fees associated with the subject property. Additionally, the appraiser must select the appropriate checkbox to indicate if the amount is payable per year or per month. Only one selection is permitted. If the amount is paid on a different frequency (e.g., bi-monthly or semi-annually), it must be normalized as either per year or per month for reporting.

If there are multiple fees assessed, such as for a HOA and a master association, the appraiser must first convert the fees to the appropriate frequency (if necessary) and then report the total of all fees in this data field. For instance, if the property is subject to a monthly HOA fee and a quarterly master association fee, the quarterly fee must be converted to a monthly fee and added to the monthly HOA fee.

If there are no HOA fees applicable to the subject property, enter the numeral zero (0).
Additional information about HOA fees, frequency of payment(s), etc. may be provided elsewhere in the appraisal report or an addendum if necessary.

*Note: For appraisals of condominium units, the amount of any applicable condominium association fees must be included in the HOA fees section.*

**Reporting Format:**
HOA $ – Currency, whole dollars only
Per Year, Per Month – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

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**Assignment Type**

The appraiser must indicate the transaction type for the assignment – Purchase, Refinance, or Other. Only one selection is permitted. If ‘Other’ is selected, a description must be provided.

**Reporting Format:** Assignment Type – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Description of ‘Other’ (if applicable) – Text

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**Lender/Client**

The appraiser must enter the name of the lender. Any applicable AMC name should only be entered in the Appraiser Certification Section.

**Reporting Format:**
Lender/Client – Text

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**Is the subject property currently offered for sale or has it been offered for sale in the 12 months prior to the effective date of this appraisal? Report data source(s) used, offering price(s), and date(s).**

The appraiser must identify whether the subject property is currently offered for sale or has been offered for sale in the twelve months prior to the date of the appraisal by selecting either the ‘Yes’ or the ‘No’ checkbox.

**Reporting Format:**
Is the subject property currently offered for sale or has it been offered for sale in the 12 months prior to the effective date of this appraisal? – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

If the answer is ‘No,’ the data source(s) used must be provided. If the answer is ‘Yes,’ the following information is required:

- Days on Market (DOM) – The appraiser must enter the DOM for the subject property. DOM is defined as the total number of continuous days from the date that a property is listed or advertised for sale through the date that it is taken off the market or contracted for sale. DOM applies not only to properties that are listed in a Multiple Listing Service (MLS), but also applies to
properties marketed for sale outside MLS. If the subject property was not individually listed or advertised for sale, enter the numeral zero (0). If the DOM is unknown, enter 'Unk'.

- **Offering Price(s)** – The appraiser must report the original offering price and a history of price changes, if any.
- **Offering Date(s)** – The appraiser must report the date(s) that the property was offered for sale.
- **Data Source(s) Used** – The appraiser must report the data source(s) used to obtain the offering information. If the data source is MLS, the appraiser must enter the abbreviated MLS organization name, followed by a pound sign (#), and the specific listing identifier.

If the subject property was offered For Sale by Owner (FSBO) or otherwise marketed for sale outside of MLS, the appraiser must report the original offering price, history of price changes, if any, and the date(s) the property was offered for sale, etc., to the extent that this information is known or available to the appraiser in the normal course of business.

**Reporting Format:**

DOM – Numeric to 4 digits, whole numbers only or ‘Unk’

Text – Include the following three items:

1. Offering Price(s) – Currency, whole dollars only
2. Offering Date(s) – mm/dd/yyyy
3. Data Source(s) Used – Abbreviated MLS# Listing Identifier or Text

The PDF creator (the software that creates the PDF) will automatically insert a semicolon to separate DOM from other data values. The PDF creator will also insert “DOM”.

**Examples (if Yes):**

DOM150; Subject property was offered for sale on 03/01/2010 for $200,000. The data source is MRIS# 12345AB.

DOMUnk; Subject property was listed for sale by owner for $200,000. The data source is a public source.

**Example (if No):**

MRIS MLS

I did/did not analyze the contract for sale for the subject purchase transaction.

The appraiser must indicate whether analysis was performed on the contract for sale.

**Reporting Format:**

I did/did not analyze the contract for sale for the subject purchase transaction. – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

The appraiser must also indicate the type of sale for this transaction from the list of available choices. The appraiser must start at the top of the list and select the first sale type that applies. Only one selection is permitted. The valid sale types are as follows:

**SALE TYPE**

- REO sale
- Short sale
- Court ordered sale
- Estate sale
- Relocation sale
• Non-arms length sale
• Arms length sale

After selecting a valid sale type, enter an explanation of the results of the analysis of the contract or why the analysis was not performed.

**Reporting Format:**
Sale Type – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list
Description of Analysis – Text

The PDF creator will automatically insert a semicolon to separate the data values.

**Example:**
Arms length sale;Text of the appraiser analysis of the sales contract

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**Contract Price $**

The appraiser must enter an amount in this field if the “Assignment Type” is a purchase transaction. Contract price must be the same as the sales price for the subject property in the Sales Comparison Approach section.

**Reporting Format:**
Contract Price $ – Currency, whole dollars only

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**Date of Contract**

The appraiser must enter a contract date if the “Assignment Type” is a purchase transaction.

**Reporting Format:**
Date of Contract – mm/dd/yyyy

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**Is the property seller the owner of public record?**

The appraiser must indicate ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ if the “Assignment Type” is a purchase transaction.

**Reporting Format:**
Is the property seller the owner of public record? – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

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**Is there any financial assistance (loan charges, sale concessions, gift or down payment assistance, etc.) to be paid by any party on behalf of the borrower?**

The appraiser must indicate ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ if the “Assignment Type” is a purchase transaction.
If ‘No’ is selected, enter the numeral zero (0) in the dollar amount field.

**Reporting Format:**
Is there any financial assistance (loan charges, sale concessions, gift or down payment assistance, etc.) to be paid by any party on behalf of the borrower? – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

If ‘Yes’ is selected, enter the total dollar amount of all financial assistance (loan charges, sale concessions, gift or down payment assistance, etc.) paid by any party on behalf of the borrower, including any closing costs or other payments from the seller or other third party. If the appraiser is not able to determine a dollar amount for all or part of the financial assistance, the number must reflect the total known dollar amount. Leave this field blank if the entire financial assistance amount is unknown. If there is any unknown financial assistance amount, the text ‘There is a financial assistance amount that is unknown’ will appear in this field. Next, the appraiser must provide a description of the items being paid.

**Reporting Format:**
Total Financial Assistance – Currency, whole dollars only (if applicable)
Description of Analysis of Financial Assistance – Text
The PDF creator will automatically insert a semicolon to separate the data values.

**Examples:**
$5000; There is a financial assistance amount that is unknown.; Down payment assistance, plus furniture of unknown value.
$5000; ; Down payment assistance.

Note: Financial assistance or concessions paid by any party on behalf of the borrower include both monetary and non-monetary items, including below-market-rate mortgage financing, gifts of personal property, payment of property taxes and/or HOA dues for a period of time, etc.

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**Neighborhood Characteristics**

**Location**
The appraiser must indicate whether the location of the subject’s neighborhood is urban, suburban, or rural. Only one selection is permitted.

**Built-Up**
The appraiser must indicate whether the built-up percentage of subject property’s neighborhood is over 75%, 25–75%, or under 25%. Only one selection is permitted.

**Growth**
The appraiser must indicate whether the growth rate of the subject property’s neighborhood is rapid, stable, or slow. Only one selection is permitted.

**Reporting Format:**
Location – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Built-Up – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Growth – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

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**One-Unit Housing Trends**
Property Values
The appraiser must indicate whether the location of the subject’s neighborhood is urban, suburban, or rural. Only one selection is permitted.

Demand/Supply
The appraiser must indicate whether property values for one-unit housing in the subject’s neighborhood are increasing, stable, or declining. Only one selection is permitted.

Marketing Time
The appraiser must indicate whether the marketing time for one-unit housing is under 3 mths, 3–6 mths, or over 6 mths. Only one selection is permitted.

Reporting Format:
Property Values – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Demand/Supply – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Marketing Time – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

Condominium Unit Housing Trends

Property Values
The appraiser must indicate whether property values for condominium unit housing in the subject’s neighborhood are increasing, stable, or declining. Only one selection is permitted.

Demand/Supply
The appraiser must indicate whether the demand/supply of condominium unit housing in the subject property’s neighborhood is in shortage, in balance, or over supply. Only one selection is permitted.

Marketing Time
The appraiser must indicate whether the marketing time for condominium unit housing is under 3 mths, 3–6 mths, or over 6 mths. Only one selection is permitted.

Reporting Format:
Property Values – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Demand/Supply – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Marketing Time – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

One-Unit Housing (Price and Age)

Reporting Format:
Price and Age fields - Numeric, whole numbers only

Neighborhood Boundaries
The appraiser should provide an outline of the neighborhood boundaries, which should be clearly delineated using ‘North’, ‘South’, ‘East’, and ‘West’. These boundaries may include but are not limited to
streets, legally recognized neighborhood boundaries, waterways, or other natural boundaries that define the separation of one neighborhood from another. Appraisers should not reference a map or other addendum as the only example of the neighborhood boundaries.

**Reporting Format:**
Description of Neighborhood Boundaries – Text

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**Area**

For sites/parcels that have an area of less than one acre, the size must be reported in square feet. For sites/parcels that have an area of one acre or greater, the size must be reported in acreage to two decimal places. The unit of measure must be indicated as either ‘sf’ for square feet or ‘ac’ for acres. A numeric value must be entered followed by the appropriate unit of measure. The total size of the entire site/parcel must be entered. No other data is permitted.

**Reporting Format:**
Area less than one acre – whole numbers only + unit of measure
Area equal to one acre or more – numeric to 2 decimals + unit of measure

**Examples:**
27840 sf
3.40 ac

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**View**

The appraiser must provide one of the ratings from the list below to describe the overall effect on value and marketability of the view factors associated with the subject property.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>OVERALL VIEW RATING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Neutral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Beneficial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Adverse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appraiser must also provide at least one, but not more than two, view factor(s) from the list below to provide details about the overall view rating selected above.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>VIEW FACTOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wtr</td>
<td>Water View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pstrl</td>
<td>Pastoral View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woods</td>
<td>Woods View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prk</td>
<td>Park View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glfvw</td>
<td>Golf Course View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CtySky</td>
<td>City View Skyline View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mtn</td>
<td>Mountain View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Res</td>
<td>Residential View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CtyStr</td>
<td>City Street View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ind</td>
<td>Industrial View</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
*Other: If a view factor not on this list materially affects the value of the subject property, the appraiser must enter a description of the view associated with the property (see second example below). The description entered must allow a reader of the appraisal report to understand what the view associated with the property actually is. Descriptors such as ‘None’, ‘N/A’, ‘Typical’, ‘Average’, etc., are unacceptable. Descriptions should be entered carefully because the same text will be represented in both the Site section and the comparable sales grid for the subject property. The text must fit in the allowable space.

Any additional information may be reported elsewhere in the appraisal report.

Note, the UAD does not limit the number of different view factors associated with a property that may be reported in the appraisal report. If there are more than two view factors, an appraiser may choose ‘Other’ and then enter a text description of the multiple view factors to the extent that the description fits within the allowable space on the appraisal report form. Any additional information that does not fit in the allowable space may be reported elsewhere in the appraisal report.

**Reporting Format:**
- **View Rating** – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list
- **View Factors** – Appraiser must select one or two factors from the specified list
- **Description of ‘Other’** (if applicable) – Text

The PDF creator will automatically insert a semicolon to separate the data values.

**Examples:**
- B;Mtn;Wtr
- A;RRtracks [example of appraiser-entered ‘Other’ description]

Refer to the complete list of acceptable abbreviations provided at the end of this document in Exhibit 3:

**Requirements – Abbreviations Used in Data Standardization Text.**

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**Utilities**

The appraiser must indicate for each utility whether it is ‘Public’ and/or ‘Other’. Utilities include electricity, gas, water, and sanitary sewer. The appraiser must also enter a description if ‘Other’ is indicated. If the utility is not present, enter ‘None’ in the description field.

**Reporting Format:**
- **Electricity** – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
- **Gas** – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
- **Water** – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
- **Sanitary Sewer** – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
- **Description of ‘Other’** (if applicable) – Text

---

**Street/Alley**

The appraiser should indicate whether the street or alley type is ‘Public’ and/or ‘Private’. Enter ‘None’ in the appropriate description field if there is no street or alley.

---
Reporting Format:
Street – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
Alley – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
Description of Street/Alley – Text

Project Description

If the project includes more than one building, the appraiser should enter the type of building in which the subject unit is located. Only one selection is permitted. If ‘Other’ is selected, the appraiser must enter a description.

Reporting Format:
Project Description – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Description of ‘Other’ (if applicable) – Text

General Description - # of Stories, # of Elevators, Existing/Proposed/Under Construction, Year Built

If the project includes more than one building, the appraiser should enter data for the building in which the subject unit is located.

Reporting Format:
# of Stories – See requirements in Improvements section
# of Elevators – Numeric, whole numbers only
Existing/Proposed/Under Construction – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’. Only one selection is permitted
Year Built – See requirements in Improvements section
Estimation of Year Built – See requirements in Improvements section

Is the developer/builder in control of the Homeowners’ Association (HOA)?

For condominiums, the appraiser must select ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ in response to the question, “Is the developer/builder in control of the Homeowners’ Association (HOA)?” located in the Project Information section.

Reporting Format:
Is the developer/builder in control of the Homeowners’ Association (HOA)? – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

Is there any commercial space in the project? If Yes, describe and indicate the overall percentage of the commercial space.
The appraiser must select either ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ to indicate whether there is commercial space in the project. If ‘Yes’ is indicated, the appraiser must enter the overall percentage of commercial space in the project in which the subject property is located.

**Reporting Format:**
Is there any commercial space in the project? – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
Percentage of Commercial Space – Numeric to 2 digits, whole numbers only

---

**# of Stories**

The appraiser must indicate the number of stories for the subject property. Do not use any designators or descriptors, such as ‘1 story’ or ‘one story and a half.’

For condominiums, the appraiser must enter the number of stories for the building in which the subject unit is located.

**Reporting Format:**
# of Stories – Numeric to 2 decimal places

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**# of Levels**

The appraiser must indicate the number of levels for the subject unit. Do not use any designators or descriptors, such as ‘1 level’.

**Reporting Format:**
# of Levels – Numeric, whole numbers only

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**Design (Style)**

The appraiser should enter an appropriate architectural design (style) type descriptor that best describes the subject property. Valid descriptions include, but are not limited to, ‘Colonial,’ ‘Rambler,’ ‘Georgian,’ ‘Farmhouse’. Do not use descriptors such as ‘brick,’ ‘2 stories,’ ‘average,’ ‘conventional,’ or ‘typical’ as these are not architectural styles. Design style names may vary by locality. The appraiser should report the name of the design style that is applicable within the local market area.

**Reporting Format:**
Design (Style) – Text

---

**Year Built**

The appraiser must indicate the year the subject property was built. If it is unknown or unavailable to the appraiser within the normal course of business, the appraiser must estimate the year the subject property was built.
Reporting Format:
Year Built – 4-digit number, yyyy
Estimation of Year Built – A tilde (~) must precede the year built

Examples:
1978
~1950 (The PDF creator will insert the tilde)

Basement Area, Basement Finish

If a basement exists, the appraiser must indicate the basement size in square feet and the percentage of the basement that is finished. If there is no basement, enter the numeral zero (0) in both fields.

Reporting Format:
Basement Area – Numeric to 5 digits, whole numbers only
Basement Finish – Numeric to 3 digits, whole numbers only

Heating, Cooling

The appraiser should select the heating and/or cooling types. When reporting on the 1004 and 2055 forms, if there is no heating or cooling source, the appraiser should indicate ‘Other’ and enter ‘None’. When using the 1073 or 1075 forms, if there is no heating source, the appraiser should indicate ‘None’ in the ‘Heating Type’ field. If there is no cooling source, the appraiser should indicate ‘Other’ and enter ‘None’.

Reporting Format:
Heating Types (for 1004 and 2055) – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
Heating Types (for 1073 and 1075) – Text
Cooling Types – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
Description of ‘Other’ (if applicable) – Text

Amenities

The appraiser should select the appropriate checkbox(es) to indicate the amenities available. The appraiser should enter the numeral zero (0) in the appropriate space if there are no fireplaces or woodstoves. The appraiser should enter ‘None’ in the appropriate space if there is no patio/deck, pool, fence, porch, or other amenity.

Reporting Format:
Amenity Types – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
Description of Amenity – Text

Car Storage, Driveway, Garage, Carport
The appraiser must indicate whether the subject property has a driveway, garage, and/or carport, or has no car storage. If the subject property has a driveway, garage, and/or carport, the appraiser must enter the number of spaces for each type of car storage; if none, enter the numeral zero (0).

**Reporting Format:**
Car Storage Types – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
# of Cars - Numeric to 2 digits, whole numbers only

---

**Finished Area Above Grade Contains ______Rooms**

The appraiser must enter the total number of finished rooms above grade.

**Reporting Format:**
# of Rooms – Numeric to 2 digits, whole numbers only

---

**Finished Area Above Grade Contains ______Bedrooms**

This appraiser must enter the total number of bedrooms above grade.

**Reporting Format:**
# of Bedrooms – Numeric to 2 digits, whole numbers only

---

**Finished Area Above Grade Contains ______Bath(s)**

The appraiser must enter the total number of full baths and partial baths above grade. A three-quarter bath is to be counted as a full bath in all cases. Quarter baths (baths that feature only a toilet) are not to be included in the bathroom count. The number of full and half baths must be entered, separated by a period. The full bath count is represented to the left of the period. The half bath count is represented to the right of the period.

**Reporting Format:**
# of Bath(s) – Numeric to 2 decimal places
Separate full bath count from half bath count with a period (.), nn.nn

**Example:**
3.2 indicates three full baths and two half baths above grade.

---

**Square Feet of Gross Living Area Above Grade**

The appraiser must enter the total square footage of the above grade living area.

**Reporting Format:**
Square Feet of GLA – Numeric to 5 digits, whole numbers only
Describe the condition of the property (including needed repairs, deterioration, renovations, remodeling, etc.)

Interior/Exterior Complete Inspection Reports:
The appraiser must provide the following information:

Overall Condition Rating – The appraiser must select one of the following ratings that best describes the overall condition of the subject property or unit. For condominium properties, the rating must reflect the overall condition for the individual unit being appraised. Only one selection is permitted. The rating for the subject property must match the overall condition rating that is reported in the Sales Comparison Approach section.

• C1
• C2
• C3
• C4
• C5
• C6

C1 - The improvements have been very recently constructed and have not previously been occupied. The entire structure and all components are new and the dwelling features no physical depreciation.*

*Note: Newly constructed improvements that feature recycled materials and/or components can be considered new dwellings provided that the dwelling is placed on a 100% new foundation and the recycled materials and the recycled components have been rehabilitated/re-manufactured into like-new condition. Recently constructed improvements that have not been previously occupied are not considered “new” if they have any significant physical depreciation (i.e., newly constructed dwellings that have been vacant for an extended period of time without adequate maintenance or upkeep).

C2 - The improvements feature no deferred maintenance, little or no physical depreciation, and require no repairs. Virtually all building components are new or have been recently repaired, refinished, or rehabilitated. All outdated components and finishes have been updated and/or replaced with components that meet current standards. Dwellings in this category either are almost new or have been recently completely renovated and are similar in condition to new construction.

C3 - The improvements are well maintained and feature limited physical depreciation due to normal wear and tear. Some components, but not every major building component, may be updated or recently rehabilitated. The structure has been well maintained.

C4 - The improvements feature some minor deferred maintenance and physical deterioration due to normal wear and tear. The dwelling has been adequately maintained and requires only minimal repairs to building components/mechanical systems and cosmetic repairs. All major building components have been adequately maintained and are functionally adequate.

C5 - The improvements feature obvious deferred maintenance and are in need of some significant repairs. Some building components need repairs, rehabilitation, or updating. The functional utility and overall livability is somewhat diminished due to condition, but the dwelling remains useable and functional as a residence.

C6 - The improvements have substantial damage or deferred maintenance with deficiencies or defects that are severe enough to affect the safety, soundness, or structural integrity of the improvements. The
improvements are in need of substantial repairs and rehabilitation, including many or most major components.

The definitions for the ratings listed above are also provided in Exhibit 1: Requirements – Condition and Quality Ratings Usage.

The appraiser must indicate ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ if there has been any material work done to the kitchen(s) or bathroom(s) in the prior 15 years. If ‘No’, the text ‘No updates in the prior 15 years’ must be provided. If ‘Yes’, additional information for kitchens and bathrooms must be provided.

If information indicating whether material work has been done to the kitchen(s) or bathroom(s) in the prior 15 years is not available to the appraiser in the normal course of business, the appraiser is to either select ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ based on the appraiser’s observations of the subject property and any other available information. The appraiser should indicate the basis for this determination in the appraisal report and describe the efforts undertaken to obtain the information.

Kitchen(s) and Bathroom(s) – Level of Work Completed and Timeframes – The appraiser must identify any work completed in the kitchen(s) and bathroom(s) along with the timeframes in which the work was completed. The appraiser must select one of the values from the lists below for both the kitchen(s) and the bathroom(s).

**Level of Work Completed:**

- not updated
- updated
- remodeled

Definitions for the Level of Work Completed are provided in Exhibit 2: Requirements – Definitions of Not Updated, Updated, and Remodeled.

**Timeframes:**

- less than one year ago
- one to five years ago
- six to ten years ago
- eleven to fifteen years ago
- timeframe unknown

Timeframes represent the time period in which the majority of the improvements were completed.

Descriptions or Comments – The appraiser must provide a description of the condition of the improvements to the subject property.

Note, the UAD does not limit the information that an appraiser may provide about the condition of a property, including any updating or remodeling. An appraiser can and must provide any additional information required to communicate an appraisal in a manner that is meaningful and not misleading, including providing sufficient information to enable the client and any other intended user(s) to understand the appraiser’s conclusions regarding the property condition and any updates or remodeling.

**Reporting Format:**
Condition Rating – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list

Indicator of Work Completed in Prior 15 Years – ‘Yes’ or ‘No’ response
Level of Work Completed for Kitchen(s) and Bathroom(s) – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list

Timeframes for Work Completed for the Kitchen(s) and Bathroom(s) – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list

Description of Condition of Improvements – Text

The PDF creator will populate the selected text from the specified lists for ‘Overall Condition Rating’ (Improvement Area), ‘Level of Work Completed,’ and ‘Timeframe for Work Completed.’ A semicolon will be used to separate the overall condition rating from the kitchen and bathroom improvements.

Examples:
C4; No updates in the prior 15 years; [enter description of property condition]
C3; Kitchen - updated less than one year ago; Bathrooms - remodeled - one to five years ago; [enter description of property condition]
C2; Kitchen - not updated; Bathrooms - remodeled - less than one year ago; [enter description of property condition]

Exterior-Only Inspection Residential Appraisal Report Forms:
The appraiser must report the overall condition of the property or unit using one of the overall condition ratings.

Reporting Format:
Condition Rating – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list
Description of Condition of Improvements – Text

Proximity to Subject

The appraiser must enter the proximity of the comparable sales to the subject property, expressed as a distance in miles. The distance between the subject property and each comparable property is to be measured using a straight line between the properties. The direction of the comparable property in relation to the subject property must be expressed.

If the address for a comparable property is not found by the appraiser’s mapping program, the appraiser must choose a location on the map as close as possible to the address of the comparable property to derive an accurate distance calculation.

Reporting Format:
Proximity to Subject – Numeric to 2 decimal places + ‘miles’ + Directional

Example:
1.75 miles NW

Sale Price

The appraiser must enter the sale price of the subject property (if applicable) and each comparable property. The sale price for the subject property must match the contract price reported in the Contract section. If any of the comparable properties sold for a price that was not in whole dollars, the appraiser
must round the sales price to the nearest dollar. If any of the comparable properties is a listing or pending sale, the appraiser must enter the offering price or contract price as applicable.

**Reporting Format:**
Sale Price – Currency, whole dollars only

---

**Data Source(s)**

The appraiser must provide the data source(s) utilized to obtain the data for each comparable sale. When using MLS as the data source, the MLS organization acronym or abbreviation followed by ‘#’ and the listing identifier (numbers and letters) must be reported. If the appraiser utilizes additional data sources that do not fit into this data field, they must be provided in the comments section or addenda in the appraisal report.

Additionally, the appraiser must provide the DOM for each comparable sale for the latest time period that the property was listed or advertised for sale. DOM is defined as the total number of continuous days from the date that a property is listed or advertised for sale until the date that it is taken off the market or sold. DOM applies not only to properties that are listed in the MLS, but also applies to properties marketed for sale outside MLS. If the comparable property was not individually listed or advertised for sale, enter the numeral zero (0). If the DOM is unknown, enter ‘Unk’.

**Reporting Format:**
Data Source(s) – Abbreviated MLS#Listing Identifier or Text
DOM – Numeric to 4 digits, whole numbers only
The PDF creator will automatically insert a semicolon to separate the data values and print the letters ‘DOM’ prior to the response.

**Examples:**
MRIS#AA123456789;DOM 220
MRIS#BB123456789;DOM Unk

---

**Sale or Financing Concessions**

*Note: This field, comprised of two lines, is used to capture sale type, financing type, and any concessions. The information must be entered on line 1 and line 2 as indicated.*

**Line 1**
The appraiser must indicate the sale type for each comparable property. If more than one sale type applies to the comparable property, the appraiser must start at the top of the list and identify the first sale type that applies. The valid values are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>SALE TYPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>REO</td>
<td>REO sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short</td>
<td>Short sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CrtOrd</td>
<td>Court ordered sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estate</td>
<td>Estate sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relo</td>
<td>Relocation sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NonArm</td>
<td>Non-arms length sale</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Line 2
The appraiser must enter the financing type from the list below and the total amount of concessions, if any, for each settled sale. If there are no sales or financing concessions, enter the numeral zero (0).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>FINANCING TYPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FHA</td>
<td>FHA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>VA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conv</td>
<td>Conventional</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seller</td>
<td>Seller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash</td>
<td>Cash</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RH</td>
<td>USDA – Rural housing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See Instruction Below</td>
<td>Other – Appraiser to enter a description of the financing type*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Other: If the financing type is not on this list, the appraiser must enter a description of the financing type. The text must fit in the allowable space.

Note: Below-market financing can have an impact on market values and therefore is of particular importance. A variety of government programs, such as state and local bond programs, provide below-market financing. The appraiser must indicate if sales transactions with below-market financing are used for comparable sales.

Reporting Format:
Line 1: Sale Type – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list
Line 2: Financing Type – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list
Description of ‘Other Financing Type’ (if applicable) – Text
Concession Amount – Numeric, whole numbers only
The PDF creator will automatically insert a semicolon to separate the data values.

Example:
Line 1: ArmLth
Line 2: FHA;5000

Date of Sale/Time

For each comparable property, the appraiser must first identify the status type from the list of options below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Withdrawn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settled sale</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• If the comparable property is an active listing, the appraiser must specify ‘Active’.
• If the comparable property is under contract, or an expired or withdrawn listing, the appraiser must first indicate the date status type using the abbreviations below followed by the corresponding contract, expiration, or withdrawal date in mm/yy format. Use ‘c’ for contract, ‘w’ for withdrawn listings, and ‘e’ for expired listings.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviated Entry</th>
<th>Date Status Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>c</td>
<td>Contract Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>s</td>
<td>Settlement Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>w</td>
<td>Withdrawn Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e</td>
<td>Expiration Date</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• If the comparable property is a settled sale and the contract date is known, the appraiser must first indicate the date status type ‘s’ followed by the settlement date (mm/yy), and then the date status type ‘c’ followed by the contract date (mm/yy). For settled sales for which the contract date is unavailable to the appraiser in the normal course of business, the appraiser must enter the abbreviation ‘Unk’, for unknown, in place of the contract date.

**Reporting Format:**
Status Type – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list  
Date – mm/yy  
Contract Date Unknown Indicator (for Settled Sales only) – Select ‘Yes’ or ‘No’

The PDF creator will automatically insert the abbreviated Date Status type and a semicolon to separate the data values (for settled sales only). If the appraiser indicates the contract date is unknown, the PDF creator will populate ‘Unk’ after the semicolon.

**Examples:**
Active listing: Active  
Contract: c04/10  
Expired listing: e04/10  
Withdrawn listing: w04/10  
Settled sale (contract date known): s04/10;c02/10  
Settled sale (contract date unknown): s04/10;Unk

**Location**
The appraiser must select one of the following ratings to describe the overall effect on value and marketability of the location factor(s) associated with the subject property and each comparable property. The abbreviation for the rating must be entered.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>OVERALL LOCATION RATING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Neutral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Beneficial</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The appraiser must also select at least one, but not more than two, location factor(s) from the list below. If two factors are entered, separate them with a semicolon. The abbreviation for the factor must be entered, with the exception of ‘Other’.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>LOCATION FACTOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Res</td>
<td>Residential</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ind</td>
<td>Industrial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comm</td>
<td>Commercial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BsyRd</td>
<td>Busy Road</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WtrFr</td>
<td>Water Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GIfCse</td>
<td>Golf Course</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AdjPrk</td>
<td>Adjacent to Park</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AdjPwr</td>
<td>Adjacent to Power Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lndfl</td>
<td>Landfill</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PubTrn</td>
<td>Public Transportation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Other: If a location factor not on this list materially affects the value of the property, the appraiser must enter a description of the location associated with the property. The description entered must allow a reader of the appraisal report to understand the location factor(s) that is associated with the property. Descriptors such as ‘None’, ‘N/A’, ‘Typical’, ‘Average’, etc., are unacceptable. The text must fit in the allowable space.

A list of acceptable abbreviations and definitions is also provided at the end of this document in Exhibit 3: Requirements – Abbreviations.

Note, the UAD does not limit the number of different location factors associated with a property that may be reported within the appraisal report. If there are more than two location factors, an appraiser may choose ‘Other’ and then enter a text description of the multiple location factors. Any additional information that does not fit in the allowable space may be reported elsewhere in the appraisal report.

Reporting Format:
Location Rating – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list
Location Factors – Appraiser must select one or two factors from the specified list
Description of ‘Other’ (if applicable) – Text
The PDF creator will automatically insert a semicolon to separate the data values.

Example:
B;AdjPrk;WtrFr

Site

For sites/parcels that have an area of less than one acre, the size must be reported in square feet. For sites/parcels that have an area of one acre or greater, the size must be reported in acreage to two decimal places. The unit of measure must be indicated as either ‘sf’ for square feet or ‘ac’ for acres. A numeric value must be entered followed by the appropriate unit of measure. The total size of the entire site/parcel must be entered. No other data is permitted in this field.
Reporting Format:
Area less than one acre – whole numbers only
Area equal to one acre or more – numeric to 2 decimals
Indicate the unit of measure as either ‘sf’ for square feet or ‘ac’ for acres as appropriate.

Examples:
6400 sf
3.40 ac

View

The appraiser must provide one of the ratings from the list below to describe the overall effect on value and marketability of the view factor(s) associated with the subject property and each comparable property.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>OVERALL VIEW RATING</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>Neutral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Beneficial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Adverse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appraiser must also provide at least one, but not more than two, view factor(s) from the list below to provide details about the overall view rating selected above.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>VIEW FACTOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wtr</td>
<td>Water View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pstrl</td>
<td>Pastoral View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woods</td>
<td>Woods View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prk</td>
<td>Park View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GIfvw</td>
<td>Golf Course View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CtySky</td>
<td>City View Skyline View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mtn</td>
<td>Mountain View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Res</td>
<td>Residential View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CtyStr</td>
<td>City Street View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ind</td>
<td>Industrial View</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PwrLn</td>
<td>Power Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LtdSght</td>
<td>Limited Sight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>See Instruction Below</td>
<td>Other – Appraiser to enter a description of the view*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Other: If a view factor not on this list materially affects the value of the property, the appraiser must enter a description of the view associated with the property (see second example below). Descriptions should be entered carefully because the text will be represented in both the Site Section and the Sales Comparison Approach section for the subject property. The description entered must allow a reader of the appraisal report to understand what the view is that is associated with the property. Descriptors such as ‘None’, ‘N/A’, ‘Typical’, ‘Average’, etc., are unacceptable. The text must fit in the allowable space. Any additional information necessary to communicate an appraisal in a manner that is meaningful and not misleading may be reported elsewhere in the appraisal report.

Note, the UAD does not limit the number of different view factors associated with a property that may be reported within the appraisal report. If there are more than two view factors, an appraiser may choose
'Other' and then enter a text description of the multiple view factors to the extent that the description fits within the space on the appraisal form. Any additional information that does not fit in the allowable space may be reported elsewhere in the appraisal report.

**Reporting Format:**

View Rating – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list  
View Factors – Appraiser must select one or two factors from the specified list  
Description of 'Other' (if applicable) – Text

The PDF creator will automatically insert a semicolon to separate the data values.

**Example:**
B;Mtn;Wtr  
A;RRtracks [example of appraiser-entered ‘Other’ description]

Refer to the complete list of acceptable abbreviations provided at the end of this document in Exhibit 3: Requirements – Abbreviations Used in Data Standardization Text.

---

**Quality of Construction**

The appraiser must select one quality rating from the list below for the subject property and each comparable property. The appraiser must indicate the quality rating that best describes the overall quality of the property. Multiple choices are not permitted.

- Q1
- Q2
- Q3
- Q4
- Q5
- Q6

**Q1** - Dwellings with this quality rating are usually unique structures that are individually designed by an architect for a specified user. Such residences typically are constructed from detailed architectural plans and specifications and feature an exceptionally high level of workmanship and exceptionally high-grade materials throughout the interior and exterior of the structure. The design features exceptionally high-quality exterior refinements and ornamentation, and exceptionally high-quality interior refinements. The workmanship, materials, and finishes throughout the dwelling are of exceptionally high quality.

**Q2** - Dwellings with this quality rating are often custom designed for construction on an individual property owner's site. However, dwellings in this quality grade are also found in high-quality tract developments featuring residences constructed from individual plans or from highly modified or upgraded plans. The design features detailed, high-quality exterior ornamentation, high-quality interior refinements, and detail. The workmanship, materials, and finishes throughout the dwelling are generally of high or very high quality.

**Q3** - Dwellings with this quality rating are residences of higher quality built from individual or readily available designer plans in above-standard residential tract developments or on an individual property owner’s site. The design includes significant exterior ornamentation and interiors that are well finished. The workmanship exceeds acceptable standards and many materials and finishes throughout the dwelling have been upgraded from “stock” standards.
Q4 - Dwellings with this quality rating meet or exceed the requirements of applicable building codes. Standard or modified standard building plans are utilized and the design includes adequate fenestration and some exterior ornamentation and interior refinements. Materials, workmanship, finish, and equipment are of stock or builder grade and may feature some upgrades.

Q5 - Dwellings with this quality rating feature economy of construction and basic functionality as main considerations. Such dwellings feature a plain design using readily available or basic floor plans featuring minimal fenestration and basic finishes with minimal exterior ornamentation and limited interior detail. These dwellings meet minimum building codes and are constructed with inexpensive, stock materials with limited refinements and upgrades.

Q6 - Dwellings with this quality rating are of basic quality and lower cost; some may not be suitable for year-round occupancy. Such dwellings are often built with simple plans or without plans, often utilizing the lowest quality building materials. Such dwellings are often built or expanded by persons who are professionally unskilled or possess only minimal construction skills. Electrical, plumbing, and other mechanical systems and equipment may be minimal or non-existent. Older dwellings may feature one or more substandard or non-conforming additions to the original structure.

The definitions for the quality ratings are also provided in Exhibit 1.

Reporting Format:
Quality of Construction – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list

---

Actual Age

The appraiser must report the actual age of the subject property and each comparable property. For new construction that is less than one year old, enter the numeral zero (0). Do not enter any additional information such as ‘years’ or other descriptors. If the actual age is unknown, enter the estimated age.

Reporting Format:
Actual Age – Numeric to 3-digits, whole numbers only
Estimation of Actual Age – A tilde (~) must precede the actual age

Examples:
18
~150 (The PDF creator will insert the tilde.)

---

Condition

The appraiser must select one overall condition rating for the subject property and each comparable property from the list below. The overall condition rating selected for the subject property must match the overall condition rating that was reported in the Improvements section so that it is consistent throughout the appraisal report. Multiple choices are not permitted.

- C1
- C2
- C3
- C4
- C5
C6

C1 - The improvements have been very recently constructed and have not previously been occupied. The entire structure and all components are new and the dwelling features no physical depreciation.*

*Note: Newly constructed improvements that feature recycled materials and/or components can be considered new dwellings provided that the dwelling is placed on a 100% new foundation and the recycled materials and the recycled components have been rehabilitated/re-manufactured into like-new condition. Recently constructed improvements that have not been previously occupied are not considered “new” if they have any significant physical depreciation (i.e., newly constructed dwellings that have been vacant for an extended period of time without adequate maintenance or upkeep).

C2 - The improvements feature no deferred maintenance, little or no physical depreciation, and require no repairs. Virtually all building components are new or have been recently repaired, refinished, or rehabilitated. All outdated components and finishes have been updated and/or replaced with components that meet current standards. Dwellings in this category either are almost new or have been recently completely renovated and are similar in condition to new construction.

C3 - The improvements are well maintained and feature limited physical depreciation due to normal wear and tear. Some components, but not every major building component, may be updated or recently rehabilitated. The structure has been well maintained.

C4 - The improvements feature some minor deferred maintenance and physical deterioration due to normal wear and tear. The dwelling has been adequately maintained and requires only minimal repairs to building components/mechanical systems and cosmetic repairs. All major building components have been adequately maintained and are functionally adequate.

C5 - The improvements feature obvious deferred maintenance and are in need of some significant repairs. Some building components need repairs, rehabilitation, or updating. The functional utility and overall livability is somewhat diminished due to condition, but the dwelling remains useable and functional as a residence.

C6 - The improvements have substantial damage or deferred maintenance with deficiencies or defects that are severe enough to affect the safety, soundness, or structural integrity of the improvements. The improvements are in need of substantial repairs and rehabilitation, including many or most major components.

The definitions for these condition ratings are also provided in Exhibit 1: Requirements – Condition and Quality Ratings Usage.

Reporting Format:
Condition Rating – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list

Above Grade Room Count, Gross Living Area

The appraiser must enter the total number of rooms as well as the number of bedrooms and bathrooms for the subject property and each comparable property. The appraiser must also enter the gross living area for the subject property and each comparable property. The appraiser must follow the same standards outlined in the Improvements section under “Finished Area Above Grade” and “Square Feet of Gross Living Area Above Grade.”
**Reporting Format:**

- **# of Rooms** – Numeric to 2 digits, whole numbers only
- **# of Bedrooms** – Numeric to 2 digits, whole numbers only
- **# of Bath(s)** – Numeric to 2 decimal places
  Separate full bath count from half bath count with a period (.), nn.nn
- **Gross Living Area** – Numeric to 5 digits, whole numbers only

**Example:**

3.2 indicates three full baths and two half baths above grade.

---

**Basement & Finished Rooms Below Grade**

**Line 1**

The appraiser must report:

- Total square footage of the property improvements below grade – If there is no basement, enter the numeral zero (0). No other information may be entered.
- Finished square footage of the property improvements below grade, if applicable. Do not indicate a percent finished.
- The type of access to the basement, if applicable. The allowable values are 'Walk-out' (wo), 'Walk-up' (wu), or 'Interior only' (in), which must be abbreviated on the appraisal report form to fit in the available space.

In some jurisdictions, the total square footage of the property improvements below grade and/or the finished square footage of the property improvements below grade may not be available to the appraiser within the normal course of business. In such cases, an appraiser may report the estimated total square footage of the property improvements below grade and the finished area below grade for the comparable properties and disclose within the appraisal report that the size is an estimate and report the source and basis for the estimate.

**Line 2**

The appraiser must report the number of each type of finished rooms in the basement on Line 2 of this data field if the finished square footage of the basement is greater than zero. The room type descriptors are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ABBREVIATED ENTRY</th>
<th>ROOM TYPE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>rr</td>
<td>Recreation Room</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>br</td>
<td>Bedroom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ba</td>
<td>Bathroom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>o</td>
<td>Other</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appraiser must enter the numeral zero (0) if there are no rooms of a particular type. If the finished square footage of the basement is zero, no entries should be made for the basement room type counts.

**Reporting Format:**

- **Line 1: Total Square Footage** – Numeric to 5 digits, whole numbers only
- **Line 1: Finished Square Footage** – Numeric to 5 digits, whole numbers only
- **Line 1: Basement Access** – Appraiser must select one value from the specified list (values wo, wu, or in)
  The PDF creator will automatically insert the text ‘sf’ to separate the data values.
- **Line 2: Room Count/Type** – Numeric to 1 digit
  *For bathrooms, the format is n.n – full baths separated from half baths with a period (.).
The PDF creator will automatically insert the room type abbreviations to separate the data values.

Examples:
Line 1: 1000sf750sfwu
Line 2: 1rr1br1.0ba2o

Energy Efficient Items

The appraiser must enter any energy efficient items for the subject property and each comparable property. If there are no energy efficient items, enter ‘None’.

Reporting Format: Energy Efficient Items – Text

Garage/Carport

The appraiser must indicate the total number and type of off-street parking spaces associated with the subject property and each comparable property. If there is no off-street parking, enter ‘None’.

Reporting Format: Garage/Carport – Text

+(-) $ Adjustment

If a feature or aspect of the subject property differs from a feature or aspect of a comparable property and the appraiser determines that no adjustment is warranted, the appraiser must enter a zero (0) in the adjustment line. The zero (0) will indicate to the reader/user of the report that the appraiser considered the difference and determined that no adjustment should be made. When the features for the subject and comparable sale(s) are the same and no adjustment is warranted, leave the field blank - do not enter or default to zero.

Net Adjustment is the sum of all adjustments. If there are no adjustments, the net adjustment value must be zero (0).

Reporting Format: +/- $ Adjustment – Currency, whole dollars only

My research did/did not reveal any prior sales or transfers…

The appraiser must select the appropriate checkbox to indicate either ‘did’ or ‘did not’ for this statement. Only one response is permitted for each statement.

Reporting Format: My research did/did not reveal any prior sales or transfers of the subject property… – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’
My research did/did not reveal any prior sales or transfers of the comparable sales… – Checkbox designated with an ‘x’

---

**Date of Prior Sale/Transfer**

The appraiser must report the date(s) of prior sale(s) or transfer(s) of the subject property for the three years prior to the effective date of the appraisal. The appraiser must report the date(s) of the prior sale(s) or transfer(s) of any comparable property during the twelve months prior to its date of sale.

If more than one prior transfer of the subject property or any of the comparable sale(s) occurred within the applicable time period, the additional transfer(s) must be listed and reported in the “Analysis of Prior Sale or Transfer History of the Subject Property and Comparable Sales” field.

**Reporting Format:**
Date of Prior Sale/Transfer – mm/dd/yyyy

---

**Price of Prior Sale/Transfer**

The appraiser must report the price(s) of prior sale(s) or transfer(s) of the subject property for the three years prior to the effective date of the appraisal. The appraiser must report the price(s) of the prior sale(s) or transfer(s) of any comparable property during the twelve months prior to its date of sale.

If more than one prior transfer of the subject property or any of the comparable sales occurred within the applicable time period, the additional transfer(s) must be listed and reported in the “Analysis of Prior Sale or Transfer History of the Subject Property and Comparable Sales” field.

In some jurisdictions, the price of prior sale(s) or transfer(s) is not disclosed in the public records or otherwise available to the appraiser within the normal course of business. In such cases, an appraiser may leave this field blank and make a comment in the “Analysis of prior sale or transfer history of the subject property and comparable sales” field or elsewhere in the report that the price of the sale or transfer is not available. Non-monetary entries such as “unknown”, “unavailable”, etc. are not permitted in this field.

**Reporting Format:**
Price of Prior Sale/Transfer – Currency (include a dollar sign), whole dollars only

---

**Data Source(s), Effective Date of Data Source(s) – Prior Sales**

The appraiser must enter the data source(s) and effective date(s) of the data source(s) associated with the prior transfer(s) of each property.

If the data source is MLS, the appraiser must enter the abbreviated MLS organization name, followed by a pound sign (#) and the specific listing identifier.
Reporting Format:
Data Source(s) – Text
Effective Date of Data Source(s) – mm/dd/yyyy

Indicated Value by Sales Comparison Approach $

The appraiser must enter the reconciled value of the Sales Comparison Approach.

Reporting Format:
Indicated Value by Sales Comparison Approach $ – Currency, whole dollars only (must match the value in the Reconciliation section)

Cost Approach (if developed)

Reporting Format:
Indicated Value by Cost Approach $ – Numeric, whole numbers only (must match the value in the Reconciliation section)

Income Approach (if developed)

Reporting Format:
Estimated Monthly Market Rent $ – Numeric, whole numbers only
Gross Rent Multiplier – Numeric, whole numbers only
Indicated Value by Income Approach – Numeric, whole numbers only (must match the value in the Reconciliation section)

This appraisal is made ‘as is’, subject to completion...

The appraiser must select either the ‘as is’ or at least one of the ‘subject to’ checkboxes. If any of the ‘subject to’ checkboxes are selected, provide a description.

Reporting Format:
This appraisal is made ‘as is’, subject to completion… – Checkbox(es) designated with an ‘x’
Description (if applicable) – Text

My (our) opinion of the market value...

The appraiser must enter the value of the subject property. The value of the subject property must match the appraised value of the subject property in the Appraiser Certification section.
Reporting Format:
My (our) opinion of the market value… – Currency, whole dollars only

Date of Inspection and Effective Date of Appraisal

The appraiser must enter the date of the inspection, which is also the effective date of the appraisal.

Reporting Format:
Date of Inspection and Effective Date of Appraisal – mm/dd/yyyy

State Certification # or State License # – (Appraiser and Supervisory Appraiser if required)

The appraiser and supervisory appraiser (if applicable) must enter their license or certification number(s) as they appear on the Appraisal Subcommittee (ASC) website, http://www.asc.gov, unless otherwise mandated by state law or regulation. If the jurisdiction does not provide license numbers for trainees and a trainee performs the appraisal, the term "trainee" must be entered in the (Appraiser Certification Section) "or Other (describe)" field. If there is no supervisory appraiser, leave the field blank; do not make any entry (such as N/A or none).

Reporting Format:
State Certification or License Number – Text

Expiration Date of Certification or License – (Appraiser and Supervisory Appraiser if required)

The appraiser and supervisory appraiser (if applicable) must enter the expiration date of their license or certification number(s). If there is no supervisory appraiser, leave the field blank; do not make any entry (such as N/A or none).

Reporting Format:
Expiration Date – mm/dd/yyyy

LENDER/CLIENT

Name
The appraiser must enter the name of the appraisal management company (AMC) in this field if the appraisal is ordered through an AMC. If no AMC is involved, ‘No AMC’ must be entered.

Reporting Format:
Name (AMC Name) – Text
Maximum Character Limits

In addition to other data formatting and input requirements, the GSEs specifically included in the UAD the maximum number of allowable characters for each data point in the XML. As a result, you may occasionally encounter a Real Time Validation alert telling you that you need to reduce the number of characters in a field. The number of available characters varies from field to field.

Exhibit 1: Requirements – Condition and Quality Ratings Usage

Appraisers must utilize the following standardized condition and quality ratings within the appraisal report.

Condition Ratings and Definitions

**C1** - The improvements have been very recently constructed and have not previously been occupied. The entire structure and all components are new and the dwelling features no physical depreciation.*

*Note: Newly constructed improvements that feature recycled materials and/or components can be considered new dwellings provided that the dwelling is placed on a 100% new foundation and the recycled materials and the recycled components have been rehabilitated/re-manufactured into like-new condition. Recently constructed improvements that have not been previously occupied are not considered “new” if they have any significant physical depreciation (i.e., newly constructed dwellings that have been vacant for an extended period of time without adequate maintenance or upkeep).

**C2** - The improvements feature no deferred maintenance, little or no physical depreciation, and require no repairs. Virtually all building components are new or have been recently repaired, refinished, or rehabilitated. All outdated components and finishes have been updated and/or replaced with components that meet current standards. Dwellings in this category either are almost new or have been recently completely renovated and are similar in condition to new construction.

**C3** - The improvements are well maintained and feature limited physical depreciation due to normal wear and tear. Some components, but not every major building component, may be updated or recently rehabilitated. The structure has been well maintained.

**C4** - The improvements feature some minor deferred maintenance and physical deterioration due to normal wear and tear. The dwelling has been adequately maintained and requires only minimal repairs to building components/mechanical systems and cosmetic repairs. All major building components have been adequately maintained and are functionally adequate.

**C5** - The improvements feature obvious deferred maintenance and are in need of some significant repairs. Some building components need repairs, rehabilitation, or updating. The functional utility and overall livability is somewhat diminished due to condition, but the dwelling remains useable and functional as a residence.

**C6** - The improvements have substantial damage or deferred maintenance with deficiencies or defects that are severe enough to affect the safety, soundness, or structural integrity of the improvements. The improvements are in need of substantial repairs and rehabilitation, including many or most major components.

Quality Ratings and Definitions
Q1 - Dwellings with this quality rating are usually unique structures that are individually designed by an architect for a specified user. Such residences typically are constructed from detailed architectural plans and specifications and feature an exceptionally high level of workmanship and exceptionally high-grade materials throughout the interior and exterior of the structure. The design features exceptionally high-quality exterior refinements and ornamentation, and exceptionally high-quality interior refinements. The workmanship, materials, and finishes throughout the dwelling are of exceptionally high quality.

Q2 - Dwellings with this quality rating are often custom designed for construction on an individual property owner's site. However, dwellings in this quality grade are also found in high-quality tract developments featuring residences constructed from individual plans or from highly modified or upgraded plans. The design features detailed, high-quality exterior ornamentation, high-quality interior refinements, and detail. The workmanship, materials, and finishes throughout the dwelling are generally of high or very high quality.

Q3 - Dwellings with this quality rating are residences of higher quality built from individual or readily available designer plans in above-standard residential tract developments or on an individual property owner's site. The design includes significant exterior ornamentation and interiors that are well finished. The workmanship exceeds acceptable standards and many materials and finishes throughout the dwelling have been upgraded from "stock" standards.

Q4 - Dwellings with this quality rating meet or exceed the requirements of applicable building codes. Standard or modified standard building plans are utilized and the design includes adequate fenestration and some exterior ornamentation and interior refinements. Materials, workmanship, finish, and equipment are of stock or builder grade and may feature some upgrades.

Q5 - Dwellings with this quality rating feature economy of construction and basic functionality as main considerations. Such dwellings feature a plain design using readily available or basic floor plans featuring minimal fenestration and basic finishes with minimal exterior ornamentation and limited interior detail. These dwellings meet minimum building codes and are constructed with inexpensive, stock materials with limited refinements and upgrades.

Q6 - Dwellings with this quality rating are of basic quality and lower cost; some may not be suitable for year-round occupancy. Such dwellings are often built with simple plans or without plans, often utilizing the lowest quality building materials. Such dwellings are often built or expanded by persons who are professionally unskilled or possess only minimal construction skills. Electrical, plumbing, and other mechanical systems and equipment may be minimal or non-existent. Older dwellings may feature one or more substandard or non-conforming additions to the original structure.

Exhibit 2: Requirements – Definitions of Not Updated, Updated, and Remodeled

Not Updated - Little or no updating or modernization. This description includes, but is not limited to, new homes.
Residential properties of fifteen years of age or less often reflect an original condition with no updating, if no major components have been replaced or updated. Those over fifteen years of age are also considered not updated if the appliances, fixtures, and finishes are predominantly dated. An area that is "Not Updated" may still be well maintained and fully functional, and this rating does not necessarily imply deferred maintenance or physical/functional deterioration.

Updated - The area of the home has been modified to meet current market expectations. These modifications are limited in terms of both scope and cost.
An updated area of the home should have an improved look and feel, or functional utility. Changes that
constitute updates include refurbishment and/or replacing components to meet existing market expectations. Updates do not include significant alterations to the existing structure.

Remodeled - Significant finish and/or structural changes have been made that increase utility and appeal through complete replacement and/or expansion.
A remodeled area reflects fundamental changes that include multiple alterations. These alterations may include some or all of the following: replacement of a major component (cabinet(s), bathtub, or bathroom tile), relocation of plumbing/gas fixtures/appliances, significant structural alterations (relocating walls, and/or the addition of square footage). This would include a complete gutting and rebuild.

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**Exhibit 3: Requirements – Abbreviations Used in Data Standardization Text**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Full Name</th>
<th>Appropriate Fields</th>
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<tr>
<td>ac</td>
<td>Acres</td>
<td>Area, Site</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AdjPwr</td>
<td>Adjacent to Power Lines</td>
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<td>Adverse</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Bathroom(s)</td>
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<td>Bedroom</td>
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<td>Beneficial</td>
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<td>City View Skyline View</td>
<td>View</td>
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<td>City Street View</td>
<td>View</td>
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